Workshop synthesis, future prospects

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Models for the sustainable management of temperate plantation forests

- 1. What is sustainable management?
- 2. What are the main challenges for modellers?
- 3. What have models achieved so far?
- 4. Priorities for future research/collaboration?

Models for the sustainable management of temperate plantation forests

1. What is sustainable management?



Different management regimes :

Wood yield (Y)







Plant & soil respiration (R)



In a sustainably-managed (*i.e.* steady-state) plantation :



1. What is sustainable management?

Summary :

Steady-state ecosystem functioning

C & N inputs = C & N outputs (averaged over a rotation or disturbance cycle)

What is the desired steady-state behaviour?

What management regime best achieves this behaviour ?

Models for the sustainable management of temperate plantation forests

1. What is sustainable management?

2. What are the main challenges for modellers ?

Growth trends (including age-related decline) and soil nutrient dynamics within a single rotation

Long-term growth and soil nutrient dynamics over successive rotations (up to steady state)

Conversion of results to practical tools for foresters and other end users

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What is the optimal M which : maximises yield and C storage ? minimises N losses ?

Solution : optimal M \approx 10-20% biomass removal per year







Leaching & gaseous emissions (N_{loss})





Leaching & gaseous emissions (N_{loss})



Plant & soil respiration (R)



Plant & soil respiration (R)



Growth & form



Stem stress distribution



Tree & stand stability



3. What have models achieved so far?

Summary :

Predictions of sustainable yield, C storage, etc. as function of management and climate, based on plant-soil & C-N-H₂O interactions

Coupling of simplified plant models to decision making tools

Growth **®** stress **®** wind-throw hasard

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C balance N balance biomechanics end users

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Key fluxes : GPP & Y

Key controls :

Carbon allocation to foliage, wood & fine roots as function of soil N, H_2O

Plant & soil respiration (R)





SUSTAIN (Dewar, poster)

On an annual timescale:

Foliage, sapwood and stem height growth maintains ψ_{leaf} above cavitation threshold

Foliage and fine root growth maintains a balance between C and N uptake



Magnani (PhD thesis, 1999) :



Sensitivity analysis :

	t _{closure}	LAI max	h ₂₀	T _{rot}	MAI max
	(yr)	(m ² m ⁻²)	(m)	(yr)	$(m^3 ha^{-1} yr^{-1})$
base	11	5.6	13	52	13
$2 \times N_{soil}$	6	8.6	21	42	29
2×CO ₂	10	7.9	19	65	18
2×VPD	10	4.2	10	41	12

4. Priorities for future research/collaboration?

C balance N balance biomechanics end users



Leaching & gaseous emissions (N_{loss})



4. Priorities for future research/collaboration?

C balance N balance biomechanics end users



1. Stress \rightarrow growth \rightarrow constant stress distribution along stem ?

2. Effect of given wind-throw damage (intensity, freq.) on sustainable behaviour ?

4. Priorities for future research/collaboration?

C balance N balance biomechanics end users What do end-users really want?

Coupling of simplified <u>ecosystem</u> models to decision-making systems ?

Robust (parameter-insensitive) predictions from more mechanistic models \rightarrow practical guidelines

4. Priorities for future research/ collaboration?

Summary :

Stand growth decline after canopy closure Regulation of microbial growth and N:C Role of understorey in N retention during canopy closure I mpact of wind damage on ecosystem C & N balance Simple ecosystem models and/or generic predictions

Conclusion :

Models : We have a good 'terroir'

People : We have some good vintages

Let the wine flow !